



L1900.CB

Material

Steel (100Cr6) rollers with 2RS seals (splashproof). 2Z seals (for dust protection) available on request.

Lubricated for life.

Technical Notes

To choose the correct replacement roller

select either the plain, concentric or eccentric roller with the correct seal type.

Order No.	For rail type	For rail size	Roller type	d_1	d_2	d_3	d_4	d_5	h_1	w_1	W_2
L1918.CBC18-2RS	T and U	18	Concentric	14.0	12.4	-	6	M 4	-	4	1.6
L1918.CBE18-2RS	T and U	18	Eccentric	14.0	12.4	-	6	M 4	0.4	4	1.6
L1918.CBR18-2RS	T and U	18	Roller only	14.0	12.4	5	-	-	-	4	1.6
L1928.CBC28-2RS	T and U	28	Concentric	22.4	19.2	-	10	M 5	-	7	2.4
L1928.CBE28-2RS	T and U	28	Eccentric	22.4	19.2	-	10	M 5	0.5	7	2.4
L1928.CBR28-2RS	T and U	28	Roller only	22.4	19.2	7	-	-	-	7	2.4
L1943.CBC43-2RS	T and U	43	Concentric	35.0	30.8	-	12	M 6	-	11	5.0
L1943.CBE43-2RS	T and U	43	Eccentric	35.0	30.8	-	12	M 6	0.8	11	5.0
L1943.CBR43-2RS	T and U	43	Roller only	35.0	30.8	10	-	-	-	11	5.0
Order No.	W ₃	W_{4}	W ₅	W ₆	A/F		Dyn. load C ₀			Static load C	
	3	7	3	0				kN		kN	
L1918.CBC18-2RS	7.3	5	1.8	1.5		8	0.4		0.8		
L1918.CBE18-2RS	7.3	5	1.8	1.5		8	0.4		0.8		
L1918.CBR18-2RS	-	-	-	-		-	0.4		0.8		
L1928.CBC28-2RS	13.0	8	3.8	2.2		13		1.1		2.5	
L1928.CBE28-2RS	13.0	8	3.8	2.2		13		1.1		2.5	
L1928.CBR28-2RS	-	-	-	-		-		1.1		2.5	
L1943.CBC43-2RS	18.0	11	4.3	2.5		15		2.7		6.0	
L1943.CBE43-2RS	18.0	11	4.3	2.5		15		2.7		6.0	
L1943.CBR43-2RS								2.7		6.0	



Compact Rails

Introduction



The compact rail systems are unique. They have many major advantages over other rail systems.

Easy and cost-effective to set up

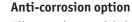
The rails are easy to set up and can adjust for some misalignment of the structure on which it is being used. The compact rail system achieves this by using a master (T type) rail, and a slave (U type) rail. This allows the sliders in the T rail to remain fixed in place but allows lateral movement of the sliders in the U rail to adapt to any misalignment and avoid any issues of stiction.

Slave (U) rails have flat, parallel raceways that allow free lateral movement of the sliders. This flexibility can mean a large saving in the machining of the structure surface making it a very cost-effective solution.



Fast, smooth and quiet

The unique eccentric roller allows easy preload adjustment for smooth running. Very high speeds allowed, very quiet operation.



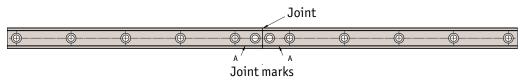
Alloy coating or nickel plating of the rails and sliders can be applied to provide a corrosion resistant solution.

Dirt and debris resistant

The internal raceways are resistant to dirt and debris, larger roller bearings with seals and wipers are used (compared to small ball bearings on other systems).

Unlimited rail lengths

Rails can be easily joined together for unlimited rail lengths, and extra hole needs to be machined at the joint area. The rails need to be selected so they are "matched" and a joining tool needs to be used to align the rails.





Compact Rails

Specifications and applications

Compact Rail

Specifications

- Maximum speed 9 m/s.
- Maximum acceleration 20 m/s².
- Maximum unjoined rail length 3600 mm.
- 4 rail sizes 18, 28, 35 and 43.
- Three rail types T rail, U rail and K rail.
- Rail lengths from 160mm upwards.
- Rail raceways hardened and ground.
- Accuracy 0,15mm over 3,5 metres.
- Maximum radial load per slider is 15,000 N.

- Temperature range -30°C to +120°C.
- Roller bearings seals either 2Z (dust proof) or 2RS (splash proof), lubricated for life.
- Roller bearings from 100Cr6.
- Easy adjustment of preload.
- Three slider body types.
- Rails can be joined together, please contact our Technical Department for details.
- Special anti-corrosion coatings and finishes on request.

Applications



Special purpose & packaging machines

Precision positioning systems handling units robotic systems • cutting machines



Seating

Sliding seats disability ramps seat extensions



Safety guarding

Extending protective systems sliding gates automatic pick & place



Sliding doors & windows

Internal sliding doors gates • roof lights display cases



Photography & lighting

Sliding tracks positioning of lights shielding systems



Medical technology

X-ray equipment dental chairs bed extensions



Food, drink & pharmaceuticals

Food handling conveyors pharmaceutical factories stainless display equipment



Transport (naval)

Sliding hatches pull-out storage



Transport (rail)

Seat adjustment sliding doors battery removal units



Transport (automotive)

Ambulance sliding systems fire fighting vehicles sliding panels



Transport (military)

Sliding seats protective hatches stretcher extensions

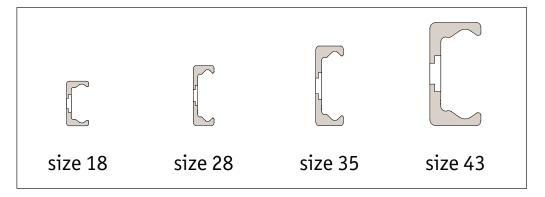


Compact Rail

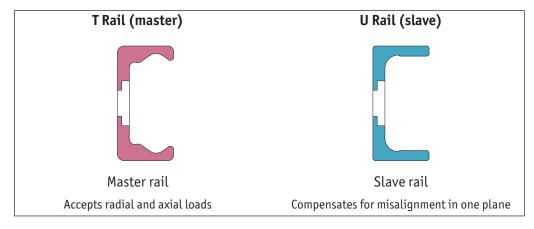
Overview



Rail sizes



Rail types



Sliders

ompact Rail from Automotion Components

Solid body, front mount - Type CL

Solid steel, zinc plated body with removable end wipers side seals, fixing in top face

Solid body, front mount - Type CS

Narrow body, solid steel zinc plated with removable end wipers no side seals, fixing on top face

Solid body, side mount - Type CR

Solid steel, zinc plated body with removable end wipers side seals, fixing in side of body



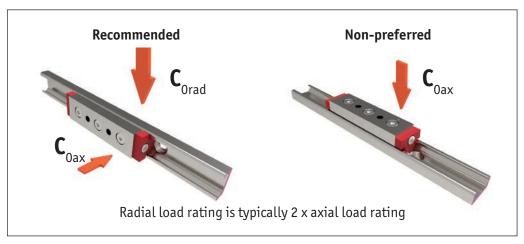


mpact Rail from Automotion Component



Orientation of rails

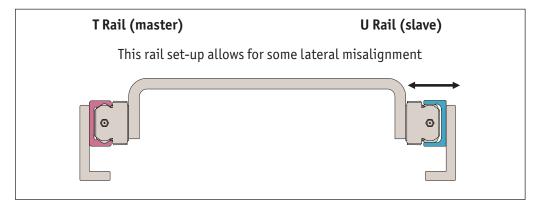
The radial load that the sliders can take is significantly higher than the axial load, so where possible the rails should be set up with the sliders taking the loads in this plane.



One of the key benefits of the compact rail system is that it compensates for misalignment in the structure. This often results in a major cost saving when compared to the use of other guideways which have to be very accurately installed.

The compact rail system achieves this by using a master (T type) rail, and a slave (U type) rail. This allows the slides in the Trail to remain fixed in place but allows lateral movement of the sliders in the U rail to adapt to any misalignment and avoid any issues of stiction.

U rails have flat, parallel raceways that allow free lateral movement of the sliders. The maximum lateral movement for each size is shown in later tables.



Using flat rails

It is acceptable (but not the preferred method), to use rails as below but the alignment accuracy needed is slightly greater and in this set-up only T type rails can be used.

In this case the axial load figure C_{Oax} should be used in any calculations (which is considerably less than the radial load figure C_{Orad}).

